4164-01-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2014-D-0609]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for Office of Management and

**Budget Review; Comment Request; Drug Supply Chain Security Act Implementation** 

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA, Agency, or we) is announcing that a proposed collection of information has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

**DATES:** Submit written comments (including recommendations) on the collection of information by [INSERT DATE 30 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE *FEDERAL REGISTER*].

**ADDRESSES:** To ensure that comments on the information collection are received, OMB recommends that written comments be submitted to

https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under Review--Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function. The OMB control number for this information collection is 0910-0806. Also include the FDA docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Domini Bean, Office of Operations, Food and Drug Administration, Three White Flint North, 10A-45, 11601 Landsdown St., North Bethesda, MD 20852, 301-796-5733, PRAStaff@fda.hhs.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In compliance with 44 U.S.C. 3507, FDA has submitted the following proposed collection of information to OMB for review and clearance.

Drug Supply Chain Security Act Implementation

## OMB Control Number 0910-0806--Revision

This information collection supports Agency implementation of provisions in section 582 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) regarding the pharmaceutical distribution supply chain. Section 202 of the Drug Supply Chain Security Act (DSCSA) (Title II of Pub. L. 113-54), added sections 581 and 582 to the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 360eee and 360eee-1) and governs the tracing of certain pharmaceutical drugs, outlining critical steps for an electronic interoperable system to identify these products as they are distributed within the United States.

To strengthen FDA's ability to help protect consumers from exposure to drugs that may be counterfeit, stolen, contaminated, or otherwise harmful, section 203 of the DSCSA added enhanced security provisions to section 582 of the FD&C Act. The terms and definitions established in section 581 of the FD&C Act are applicable to provisions set forth in section 582, which require the capture, exchange, and verification of pharmaceutical drug product transaction information, transaction history, and transaction statements by respondents. Section 582 of the FD&C Act also requires that certain notifications are made by respondents to FDA and provides for respondent notification disclosures applicable to suspect and illegitimate product data elements. The recordkeeping and notification provisions included in section 582 also provide for inspection of records by FDA and establish minimum retention schedules. Finally, section 582 of the FD&C Act provides for the establishment of waivers, exceptions, and exemptions from any of the requirements.

To assist respondents with reporting requirements, we developed Form FDA 3911 entitled Drug Notification and the corresponding instructional document "INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF FORM FDA 3911--DRUG NOTIFICATION." Form FDA 3911 and the instructions are available from, and may be completed using, our website at https://www.fda.gov/drugs/drug-supply-chain-security-act-dscsa/drug-notifications-frequently-asked-questions. Form FDA 3911 is intended to provide a uniform format for initial

notifications, followup notifications, and requests for the termination of a notification. The guidance document entitled "Drug Supply Chain Security Act Implementation: Identification of Suspect Product and Notification" (Revision 1, June 2021; available at https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/drug-supply-chain-security-act-implementation-identification-suspect-product-and-notification) was developed to assist respondents with identifying a suspect product as defined at section 581(21) of the FD&C Act and in making determinations in this regard.

We also developed the draft guidance document entitled "Waivers, Exceptions, and Exemptions from the Requirements of Section 582 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act" (May 2018; available at https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/waivers-exceptions-and-exemptions-requirements-section-582-federal-food-drug-and-cosmetic-act). Respondents seeking waivers, exceptions, or exemptions from any of the requirements may submit a request to FDA. The draft guidance explains Agency established processes by which: (1) a trading partner may request a waiver from certain requirements in section 582 of the FD&C Act if it would result in an undue economic hardship or for emergency medical reasons; (2) a manufacturer or repackager may request an exception to the section 582 requirements related to product identifiers if a product is packaged in a container too small or otherwise unable to accommodate a label with sufficient space to bear the required information; and (3) FDA may determine other products or transactions that shall be exempt from requirements of section 582.

Respondents to the information collection are manufacturers, wholesale distributors ("wholesalers"), dispensers, and repackagers, as defined in section 581 of the FD&C Act, of pharmaceutical drug products.

In the *Federal Register* of September 3, 2021 (86 FR 49538), we published a 60-day notice soliciting public comment on the proposed collection of information. A few comments were received requesting that FDA clarify the scope of the information collection request. We

appreciate these comments. Although our 60-day notice discussed both draft and final guidance documents pertaining to topic-specific statutory requirements found in section 582 of the FD&C Act, not all the guidance documents discussed in the notice included information collection as defined by the PRA and subject to review and approval by OMB. Rather, consistent with regulations found in 21 CFR 10.115, guidance documents are intended to communicate the Agency's thinking on a particular topic and can therefore be helpful to respondents in understanding related information collection activities.

To clarify however, this information collection request is intended to account for the burden respondents may incur from completing and submitting notifications as required by section 582 of the FD&C Act using Form FDA 3911, consistent with the corresponding instructions, as well as the burden that may be attributable to information collection associated with the required disclosures/notifications to trading partners and discussed in the guidance document entitled "Drug Supply Chain Security Act Implementation: Identification of Suspect Product and Notification." The information collection request is also intended to account for the burden that respondents may incur associated with requesting waivers, exceptions, and exemptions provided for in section 582(a)(3) of the FD&C Act. To enable respondents to make such requests, we are currently utilizing information collection recommendations discussed in the draft guidance document entitled "Waivers, Exceptions, and Exemptions from the Requirements of Section 582 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act." Specifically, the draft guidance instructs respondents on submitting requests and identifies responsible Agency review components.

The comments also provided feedback on the accuracy of our burden estimates. In response to these comments, we have revised our estimate of the burden of the information collection as follows:

Table 1.--Estimated Annual Reporting Burden<sup>1</sup>

Sec. 582 of the FD&C Act;	No. of	No. of	Total	Average Time	Total Hours
Activity	Respondents	Responses per	Annual	per Response	
		Respondent	Responses	(in hours)	

Notifications of illegitimate	500	28.2	14,100	8	112,800		
product: Form FDA 3911							
Consultation/terminations of	500	1	500	1	500		
notification of illegitimate							
product (Notifications							
Guidance, sec. IV.B)							
582(a)(3); Waivers, exceptions, and exemptions of any requirement:							
Request submissions (Waivers	20	1	20	80	1,600		
Guidance, sec. III.A.)							
Material changes (Waivers	1	1	1	16	16		
Guidance, sec. III.D)							
Request renewals (Waivers	1	1	1	16	16		
Guidance, sec. III)							
Total					114,932		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

Table 2.--Estimated Annual Disclosure Burden<sup>1</sup>

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Sec. 582 of the FD&C Act; Activity	No. of	No. of	Total	Average Time	Total					
	Respondents	Disclosures per	Disclosures	per Disclosure	Hours					
	_	Respondent		(in hours)						
Illegitimate product notifications to	500	310	155,000	8	1,240,000					
trading partners (Notifications										
Guidance, sec. III.B)										
Illegitimate product notification	500	310	155,000	4	620,000					
terminations to trading partners										
(Notifications Guidance, sec. III)										
Total					1,860,000					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

We have reorganized the information collection by respondent activity and clarified where information collection elements are discussed in the respective guidance documents.

Based on illegitimate product notifications FDA has already received, we previously estimated a total of 250 respondents. However, we have considered industry feedback indicating that more notifications may be submitted based on stakeholder understanding of FDA's recent clarification of stolen product in the "Definitions of Suspect Product and Illegitimate Product for Verification Obligations Under the Drug Supply Chain Security Act" draft guidance (June 2021; available at https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/definitions-suspect-product-and-illegitimate-product-verification-obligations-under-drug-supply). As such, we have increased our number of estimated respondents to 500 and assume 40 percent are manufacturers (200), 50 percent are wholesale distributors (250), and 10 percent are pharmacies (50). Because manufacturers, repackagers, and wholesale distributors are collectively responsible for prescription drugs from the point of manufacturing through distribution in the drug supply chain,

we continue to assume that these three trading partners submit most notifications of illegitimate

products.

In response to industry feedback, we have increased our estimate of the average time per

response from 1 hour to 8 hours to more accurately reflect the burden respondents may incur in

satisfying the information collection. We have otherwise retained the average burden per

response for activities associated with consultations and waiver/exception/exemption requests.

Finally, also based on public comment and industry feedback, we have increased our estimate of

the average number of disclosures/notifications per respondent, as well as our assumption of the

average time necessary for each disclosure notification, for an increase from 66,070 to 1,860,000

hours annually.

As a result of these adjustments, our estimated burden for the information collection

reflects a cumulative increase since the last OMB review and approval. We attribute this

increase to a more recent evaluation of the information collection and informal communications

with industry and other interested stakeholders regarding burden estimates.

Dated: January 3, 2022.

Lauren K. Roth,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.

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